Total Period Abortion Rate

Purpose:
To reduce the number of unwanted pregnancies.

Definition of indicator and its variants:
Legal terminations of pregnancy.

The total period abortion rate is the average number of abortions (NHS and private) that would occur per woman in an area, if women experienced the current age-specific abortion rates of that area throughout their childbearing ages.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statistic</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Age group</th>
<th>Organisation (see glossary)</th>
<th>Current data</th>
<th>Trend data</th>
<th>File-worksheet name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total period abortion rate (TPAR)</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>11-49</td>
<td>England, CCG</td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>05D_139DR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Numerator:

**Numerator data:**
Number of abortions (NHS and private) performed in specific age groups (All ages, <18, 18-19, <20, 20-24, 25-29, 30-34, 35+) in the respective calendar year.

**Source of numerator data:**
Department of Health.

**Comments on numerator data:**
Figures for abortions were derived from notification forms returned to the Chief Medical Officer.

Abortion data provided in the Compendium have been disclosure controlled at source.

Denominator:

**Denominator data:**
Mid-year female population (aged 11-49) estimates for the respective calendar year.

**Source of denominator data:**
Office for National Statistics (ONS).

**Comments on denominator data:**
The population figures used are ONS mid-year estimates derived from the 2011 Census.

The total period abortion rate (TPAR) is calculated by multiplying the age-specific abortion rates by the respective number of years in the age group, and summing the results. The age groups used are: 11-17 (<18), 18-19, 20-24, 25-29, 30-34 and 35-49 (35+).

**Statistical methods:**
Data on the NHS Digital Indicator Portal have had any required suppression applied. Data that may potentially identify an individual have been suppressed at source (in cells marked with "..".). Further information is available in the "Statistical methods and disclosure control" section of the website.
Interpretation of indicators:

Quality of indicator - Annex 12: Evaluating the quality of Clinical and Health indicators (Statistical methods and disclosure control > Methods section of the NHS Digital Indicator Portal [https://indicators.hscic.gov.uk](https://indicators.hscic.gov.uk) for details) describes the criteria that should be used to judge the quality of this indicator. The application of the criteria is dependent on the context (e.g. describing a single organisation, comparing several organisations) and the level (e.g. national / regional with large numbers of events, local with small numbers of events) at which the data are to be used.

Further reading:


Updated: April 2017